

# CS180 - Doubly Linked Lists + Stacks

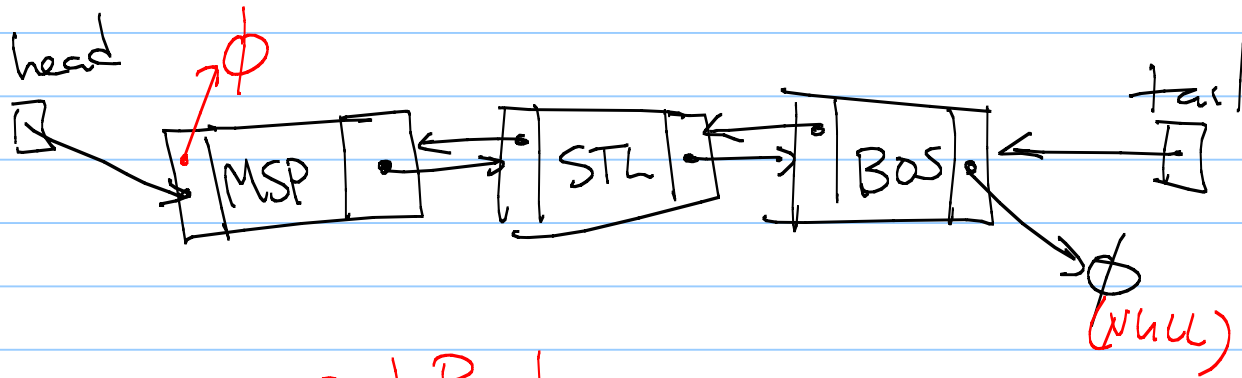
Note Title

2/7/2011

## Announcements

- Lab tomorrow
- Program will be posted in next  
1-2 days
- First midterm in ~3 weeks.
- Book is available

# Doubly Linked Lists



- insert Back
- delete Back

(see code on webpage)

Stack: a way to store a list of data

LIFO - last in, first out

Ex: Web browser: Store history

Hit back, goes to most recent page

Ex: Text editors: Store previously executed commands

Undo will revert to most recent "history"

# The Stack Abstract Data Type (ADT)

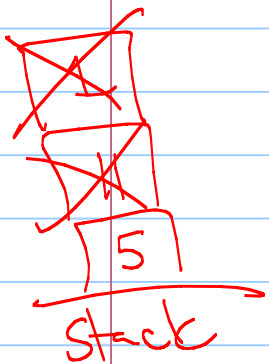
Supports 2 main functions:

- push(o)

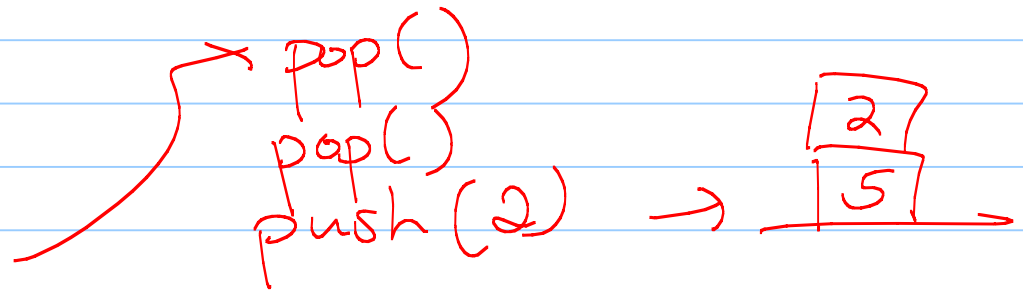
Insert object o at top of stack

- pop()

Remove top object from stack  
& return it



push(5)  
push(11)  
push(1)



pop()  
pop()  
push(2)

## Additional behaviors

- size(): Return # of objects in the stack

- ~~is Empty~~ <sup>empty</sup>(): Returns true if stack is empty, false otherwise

top(): Returns top object on stack without removing it

# Standard Template Library

Stacks are one of the built in class in the STL.

Functions: push, pop, top, size, & empty

Documentation is available online.

(We'll use this for lab soon...)

```
class Stack {  
    private:
```

Notice:

I haven't said what this is  
made with!

Ideas?

- Array-based stack
- Linked list stack

One complication: how should we return objects?

Should pop + top be different?

STL does not return a popped element.

STL wins — pop will be void



# Our interface

Private variables:

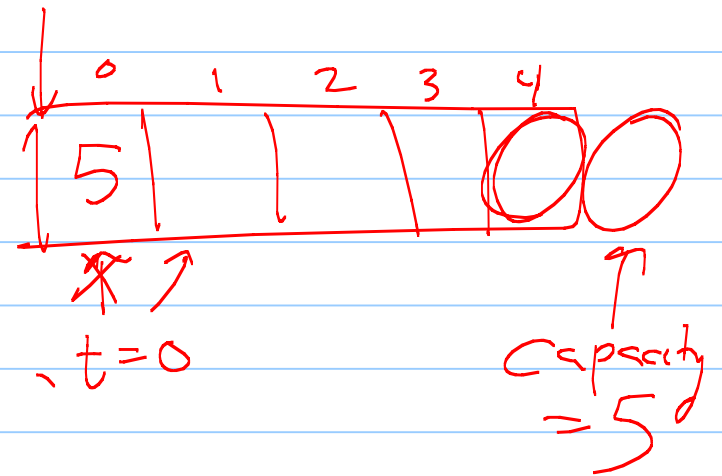
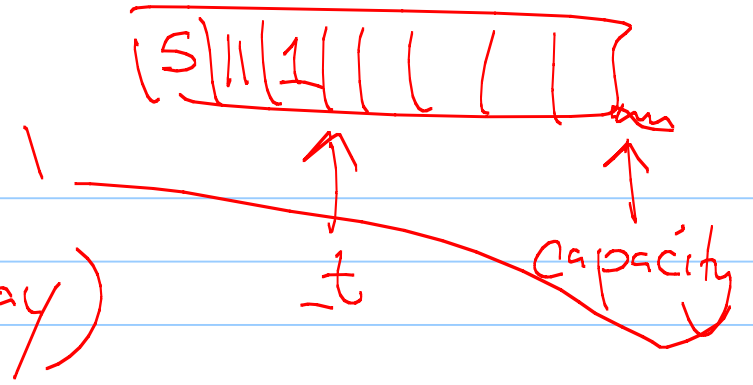
private:

Object \* \_S;

int \_capacity;

int \_size;

(array)



Now - what is left??

- Constructor

- Destructor

- Copy Constructor

- Operator =

} deep copies

Another way

Linked Stacks

(We can use SLinked List class!)