## Math 135: Discrete Mathematics, Spring 2010 Worksheet 6

1. Determine if each of these functions is O(x),  $\Omega(x)$ , and  $\Theta(x)$ .

(a) 
$$f(x) = 10$$

(b) 
$$f(x) = x^2 + x + 12$$

(c) 
$$f(x) = 36x - 14$$

(d) 
$$f(x) = |x/2|$$

2. Give as good a big-O estimate as possible for the following:

(a) 
$$(n^2+8)(n+1)$$

(b) 
$$(n \log n + n^2)(n^3 + 2)$$

(c) 
$$(n! + 2^n)(n^3 + \log(n^2))$$

3. Suppose that f(x) is O(g(x)) and g(x) is O(h(x)), and prove that f(x) is O(h(x)).

Hint: Use the definitions!

4. Show that the functions  $f(n) = 2^{2 \log_2 n}$  and  $g(n) = 3n^2 + 14$  are asymptotically equivalent.

5. Find functions f and g from  $\mathbb{N}$  to  $\mathbb{R}^+$  such that f(n) is not O(g(n)) and g(n) is not O(f(n)).

6. Show that  $\log n!$  is greater than  $(n \log n)/4$  for n > 4.

Hint: Begin with inequality  $n! > n(n-1)(n-2) \cdots n/2$ .