

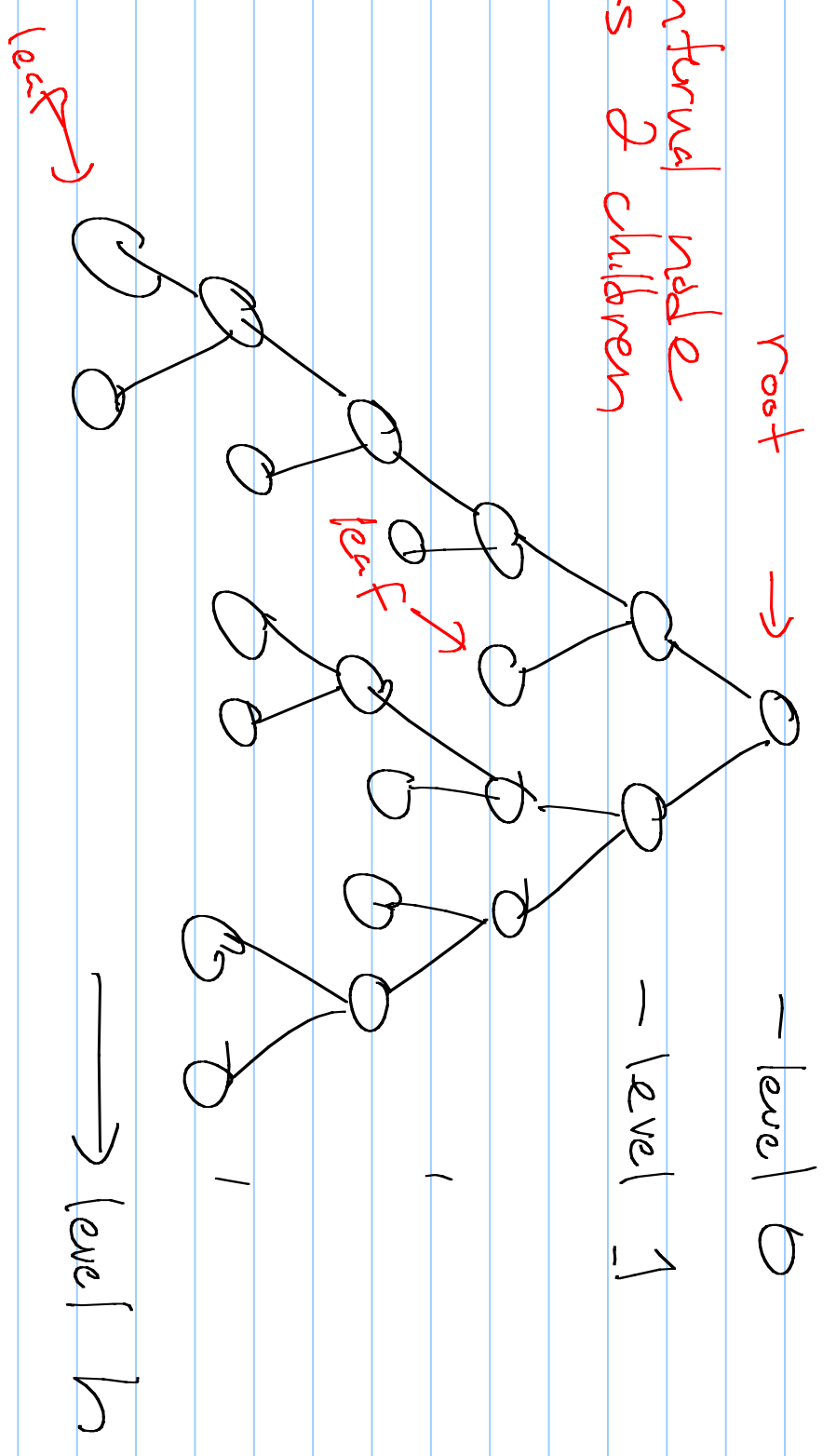
# CS 190 - fleaps

## Announcements

- Program due this Thursday -
- Check point tomorrow -  
See me after class
- Midterm next week  
(Wed or Thurs)

Last time - binary trees

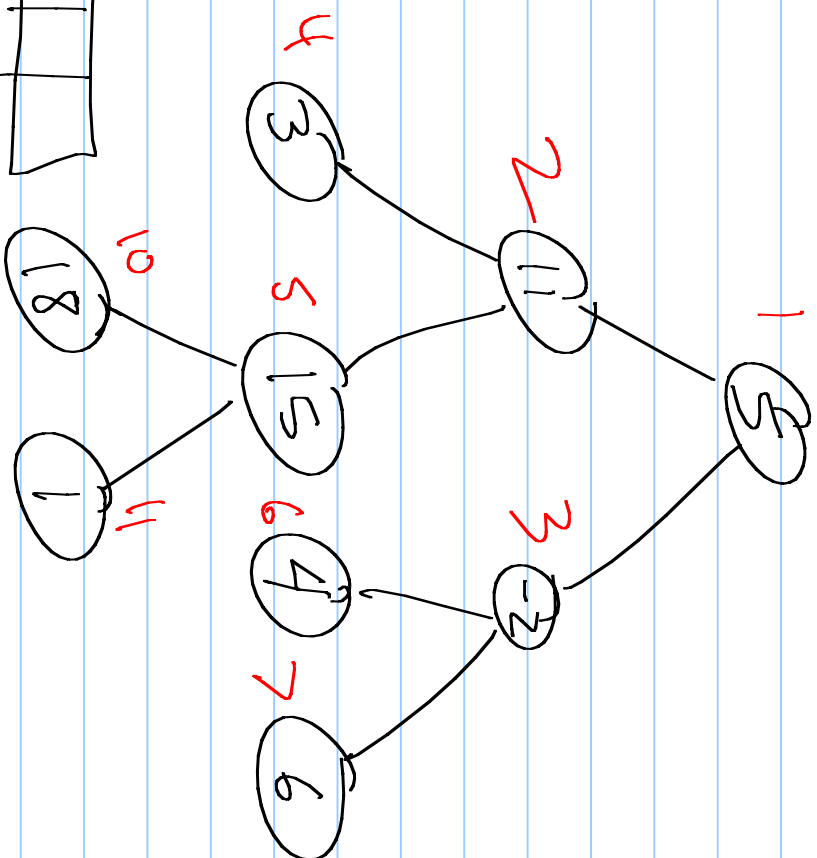
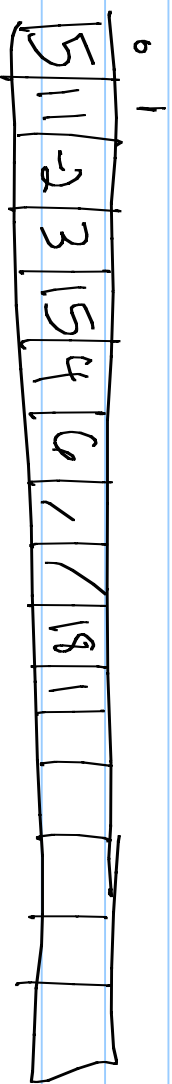
Every internal node  
has 2 children



# Array Based Implementation:

Root is #1

For any node  $v$  with number  $n$ , left child gets  $n$  and right child get  $2 \cdot n + 1$



## Priority Queue :

Supports the following operations :

$insert(e)$  : adds element  $e$  to the data structure

$removeMax()$  : removes the maximum element

$maxItem()$  : returns a reference to the maximum item in P.Q

Also : size, empty, etc.

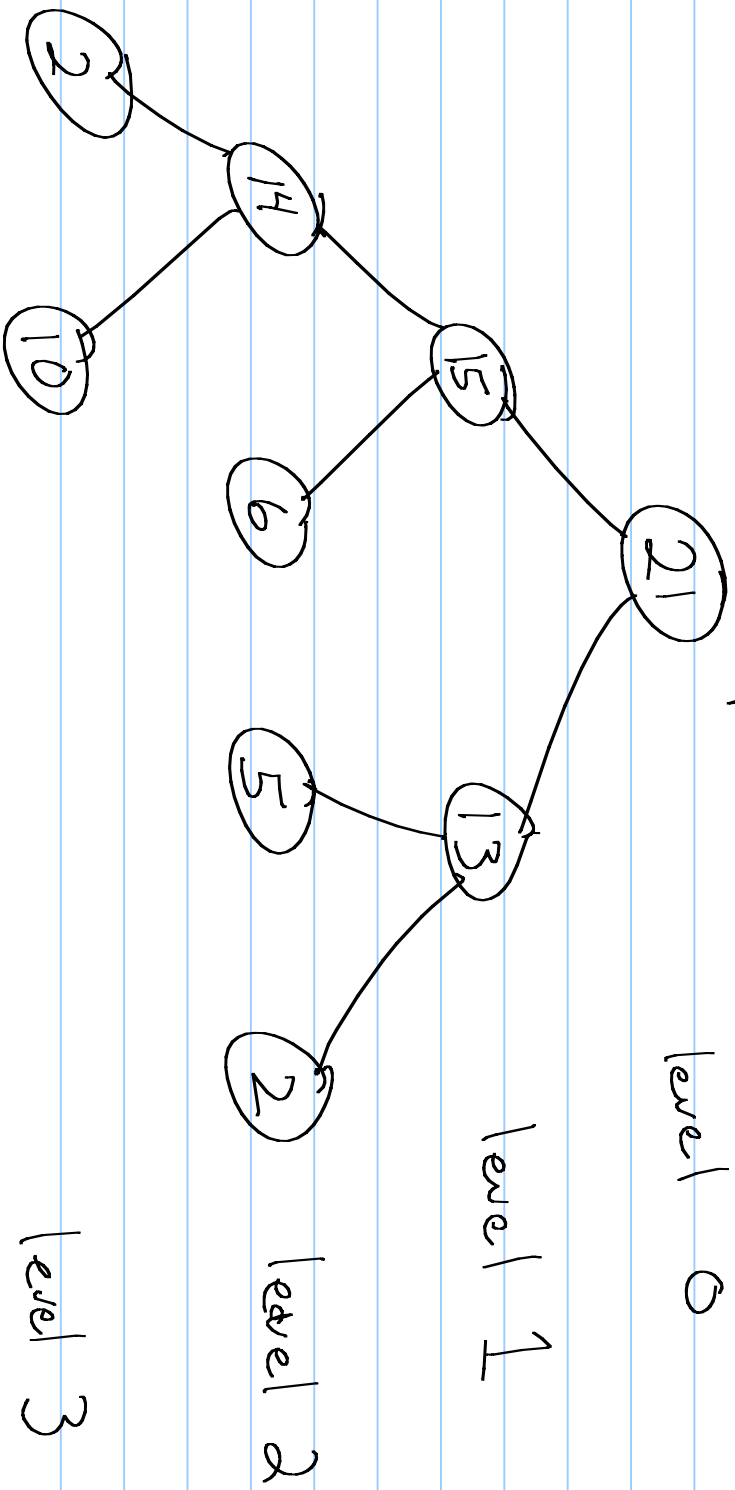
Implementing a priority queue with a heap:

A binary tree where;

- For every node  $v$  (other than the root), the key stored at  $v$  is less than or equal to the key stored at  $v$ 's parent.

- The tree is complete - levels  $D$  to  $n-1$  have all possible nodes, and all in level  $n-1$  are on the left.

Picture - Max heap

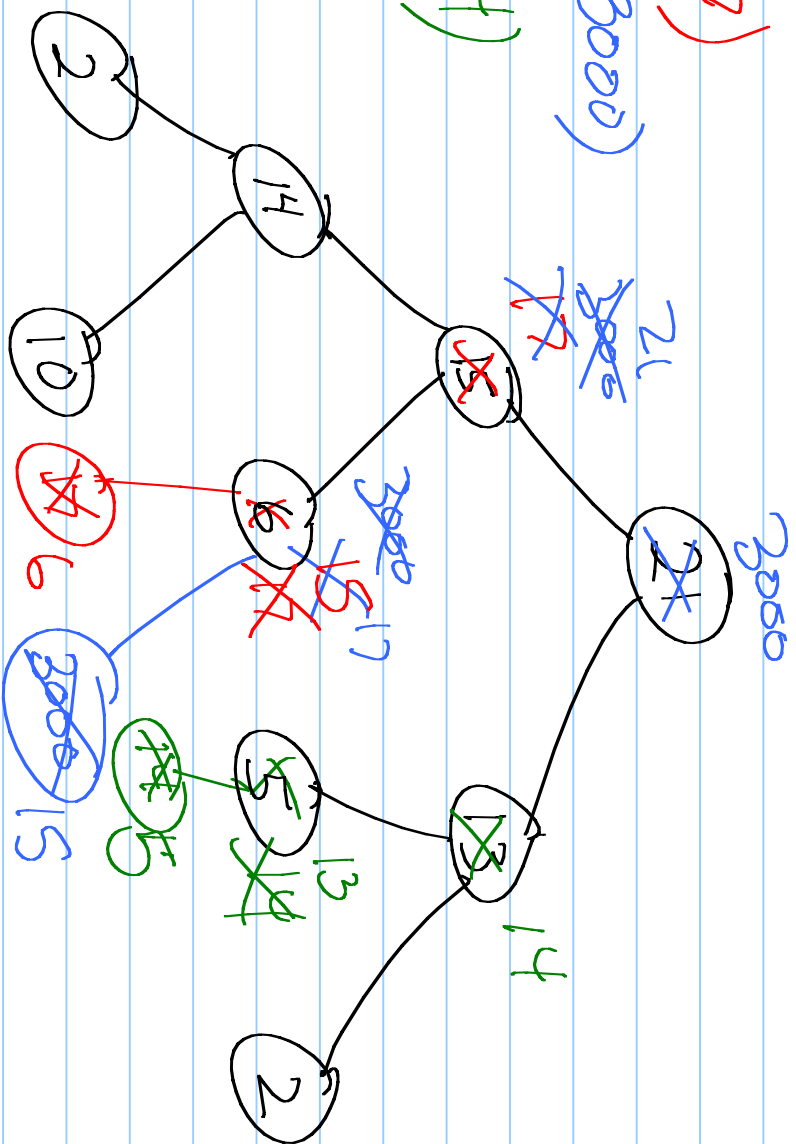


So: insert

insert (17)

insert (3000)

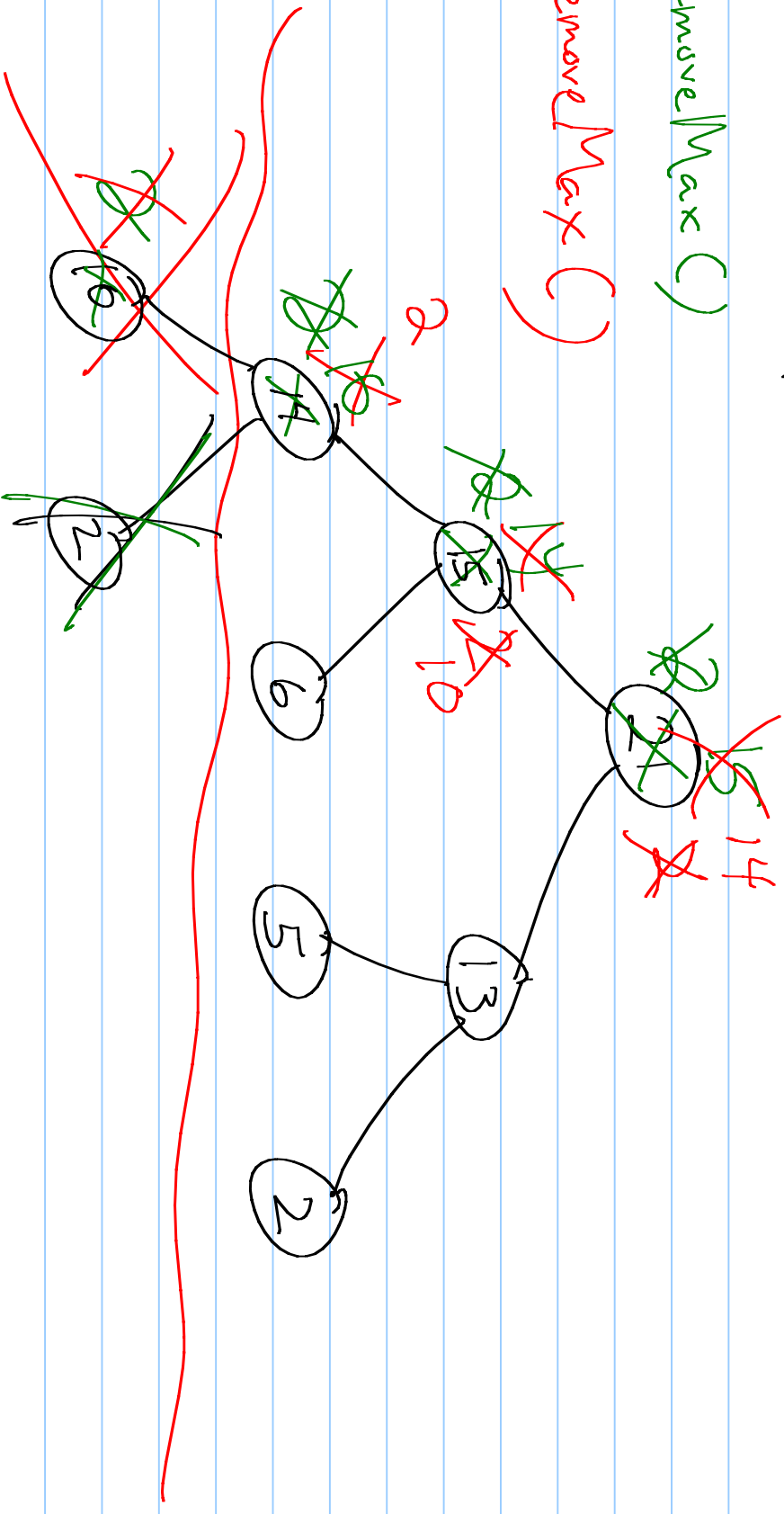
insert (14)



Remove Max :

Remove Max ( )

Remove Max ( )





Running times:

insert & removeMax will both run in time  $O(h)$ , where  $h$  is the height of the tree.

How big can  $h$  be?

How many nodes are on level  $i$ ?

$$\underbrace{2^0 + 2^1 + 2^2 + \dots + 2^{n-1} + 2^n}_{2^{n+1} - 1 \geq n} \geq n$$
$$2^0 + 2^1 + \dots + 2^{n-1} \leq n + 2^{n-1} \leq n$$
$$\Rightarrow n = \lceil \lg n \rceil$$

# Running Times

Operation	Time
Size, empty	$O(1)$
insert	$O(\log_2 n)$
remove	$O(\log_2 n)$
Max	$O(1)$
max Item	

Now - Some code

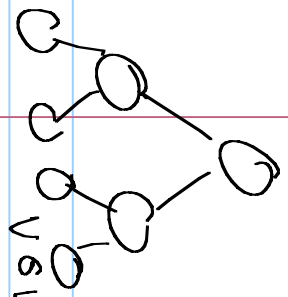
```
template <typename T, typename U>  
class Heap {
```

```
private:
```

```
    T* data;  
    int size;  
    int capacity;
```

```
public:
```

```
    Heap () {  
        size = 0;  
        capacity = 1;  
        data = new T[capacity];  
    }
```



void insert (const ItemType & value) {

if (size == capacity) {

capacity = 2 \* capacity + 1;

ItemType \* newData = new ItemType [capacity];

for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)

newData[i] = data[i];

delete [] data;

data = newData;

}

data[size] = value;

size++;

```
int current = size - 1;
int parent = (current - 1) / 2;
```

```
while (data[parent] < data[current]) {
    ItemType temp = data[current];
    data[current] = data[parent];
    data[parent] = temp;
    current = parent;
    parent = (current - 1) / 2;
}
```

```
} // end of insert
```